

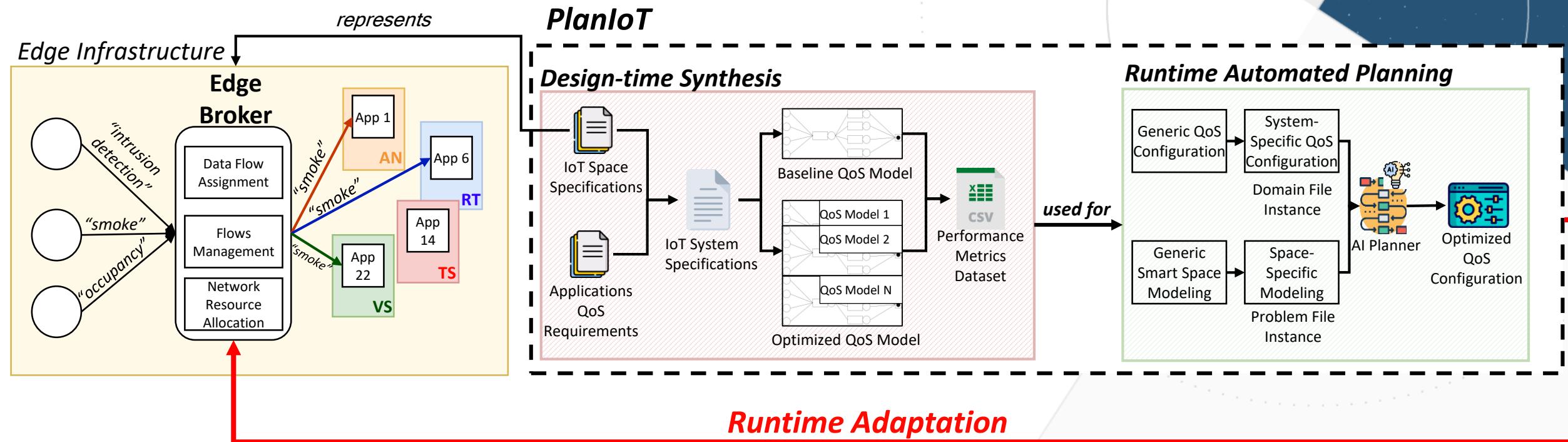
# Artifact: Implementation of an Adaptive Flow Management Framework for IoT Spaces

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# The PlanIoT Approach

## High-level Overview



# The PlanIoT Implementation

## Plan Generation Process

```
"iotDevices": [  
{  
    "deviceId": "temp_r324",  
    "deviceName": "temperature_sensor",  
    "publishFrequency": 5,  
    "messageSize": 200,  
    "publishesTo": ["temperature_r324"],  
    "distribution": "exponential"  
},  
...]
```

IoT devices definition

```
"applications": [  
{  
    "applicationId": "app1",  
    "applicationName": "dashboard",  
    "applicationCategory": "AN",  
    "priority": 0,  
    "subscribesTo": ["temperature_r324",  
    "smoke_r324"]  
},  
...]
```

Applications definition

```
"systemBandwidth": 70,  
"bandwidthPolicy": "default",  
"priorityPolicy": "apps",  
"dropRateAN": 0,  
"dropRateRT": 0,  
"dropRateTS": 0,  
"dropRateVS": 0,  
"brokerCapacity": 10000
```

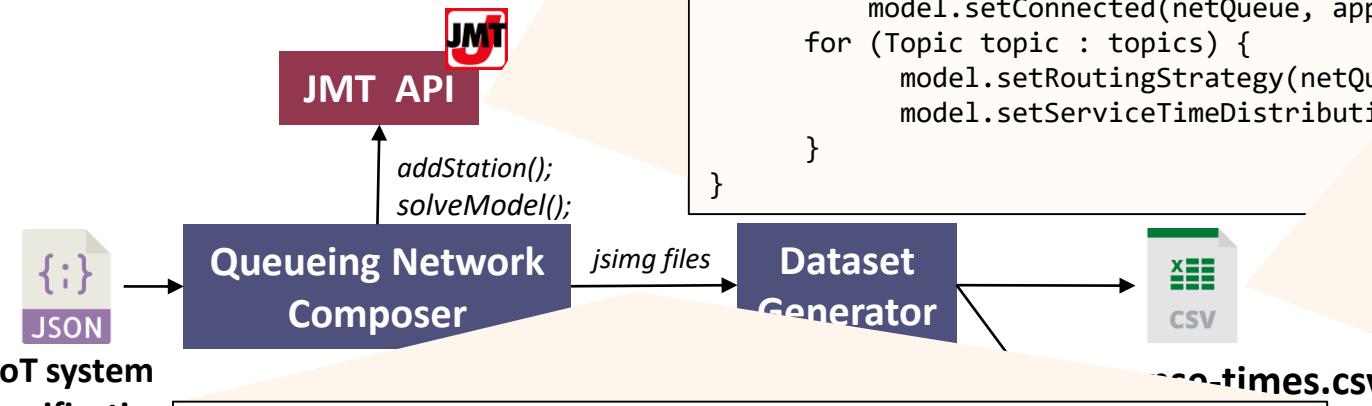
IoT system parameters

{:  
} JSON

IoT system  
specification

# The PlanIoT Implementation

## Plan Generation Process



```

public static void composeQueueingNetwork() {
    CommonModel jmtModel = new CommonModel();
    inQueue = model.addStation("inQueue",CommonConstants.STATION_TYPE_SERVER);
    netQueue = model.addStation("netQueue",CommonConstants.STATION_TYPE_SERVER);
    model.setStationQueueStrategy(netQueue,model.STATION_QUEUE_STRATEGY_NON_PREEMPTIVE_PRIORITY);
    for (Application app : applications)
        model.setConnected(netQueue, app.getQueue(), true);
    for (Topic topic : topics) {
        model.setRoutingStrategy(netQueue,topic.getClass(),probRouting);
        model.setServiceTimeDistribution(topic,serviceTime);
    }
}
    
```

topic	app	default	prioRT	prioVS	prioRTVSTSAN	dropVS1	dropVS2AN2	...
topic1	app1	0.899	1.224	1.136	0.036	0.886	0.927	...
topic10	app11	0.692	0.773	0.854	0.0162	0.684	0.661	...
topic10	app9	0.699	0.756	0.855	0.015	0.671	0.658	...
topic11	app12	0.798	0.977	1.084	0.024	0.789	0.776	...
topic12	app9	0.800	0.882	0.980	0.017	0.802	0.798	...
topic13	app10	0.792	0.890	0.978	0.0197	0.789	0.795	...

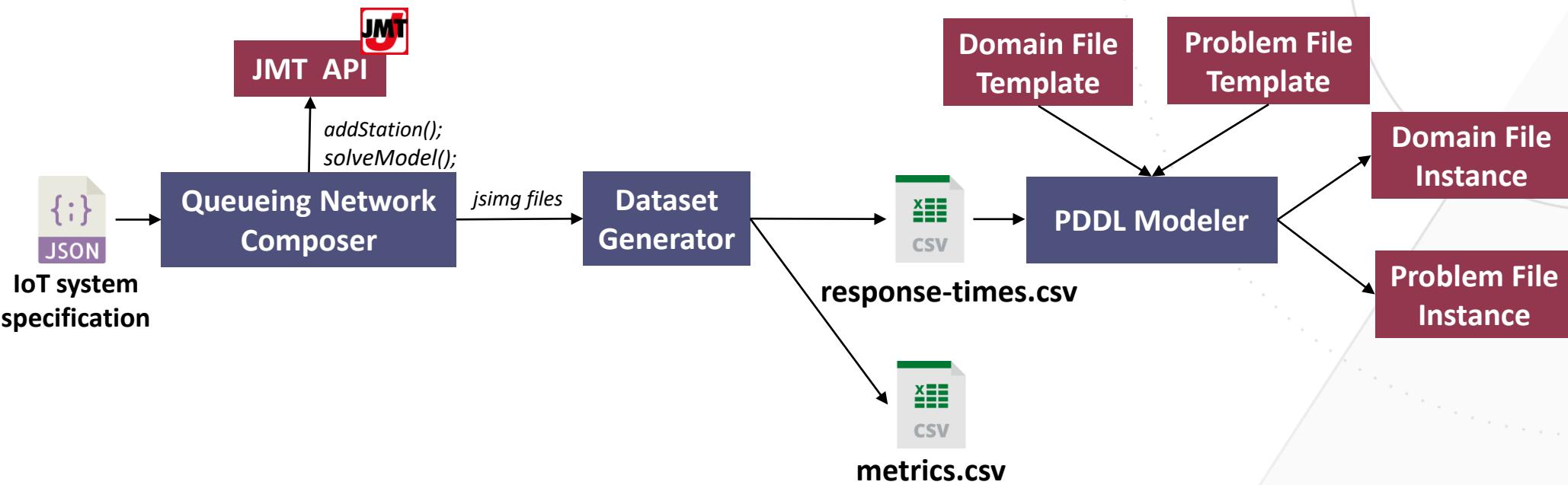
```

xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
logDecimalSeparator="." logDelimiter=","
logPath="your_local_path\JMT\" modelDefinitionPath="."
modelName="default.jsimg" solutionMethod="simulation"
xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="SIMmodeloutput.xsd"> <measure
alfa="0.05" analyzedSamples="8194" class="" discardedSamples="65"
logFile="your_local_path/JMT/networkQueue_Utilization.csv"
lowerLimit="0.40003963524075425" maxSamples="1000000"
meanValue="0.42805882812360384" measureType="Utilization"
nodeType="station" precision="0.05" station="outputQueue"
successful="true" upperLimit="0.4560780210064534"/>
    
```

topic	app	response_time	throughput	drop_rate
topic10	app11	0.6927146474811501	0.003779867027741613	0.0
topic10	app9	0.6996978145171252	0.003779867027741613	0.0
topic11	app12	0.7982395522950397	0.1172509965121246	0.0
topic11	app15	0.799657539567181	0.1172509965121246	0.0
topic11	app8	0.7977678454742368	0.1172509965121246	0.0
topic12	app10	0.7950121622847551	0.003110639907232652	0.0

# The PlanIoT Implementation

## Plan Generation Process



# The PlanIoT Implementation

## PDDL Files Generation

Planning problems are expressed using the Planning Domain Definition Language (PDDL), an action centered language that provides a standard syntax to describe actions by their parameters, preconditions, and effects. A plan consists of two descriptions: a *domain* file and a *problem* file.



response-times.csv

```
(:action prioritize_RT
  :parameters (?t - topic ?app - application)
  :precondition (and (priority_not_set ?t ?app))
  :effect (and (priority_not_set ?t ?app)
    (priority_set ?t ?app)
    #prioRT_effects#))

(:action droppingVS1
  :parameters (?t - topic ?app - application)
  :precondition (and (baseline ?t ?app))
  :effect (and (not (baseline ?t ?app))
    (QoS_achieved?t ?app)
    #dropVS1_effects# ))
```

PDDL Domain Template



```
(:action prioritize_RT
  :parameters (?t - topic ?app - application)
  :precondition (and (priority_not_set ?t ?app))
  :effect (and (priority_not_set ?t ?app)
    (priority_set ?t ?app)
    (increase (latency intrusiondetection app2) 0.62)
    (increase (latency intrusiondetection app21) 0.27)
    ...))

(:action droppingVS1
  :parameters (?t - topic ?app - application)
  :precondition (and (baseline ?t ?app))
  :effect (and (not (baseline ?t ?app))
    (QoS_achieved?t ?app)
    (increase (latency firedetection app22) 0.2)
    (increase (latency amazonecho app21) 0.13)
    ...))
```

PDDL Domain Instance

response-times.csv

# The PlanIoT Implementation

## PDDL Files Generation

```
(:action prioritize_RT
  :parameters (?t - topic ?app - application)
  :precondition (and (priority_not_set ?t ?app))
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    (QoS_achieved?t ?app)
    #dropVS1_effects# )))
```

PDDL Domain Template

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(:action prioritize_RT
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    ...))
```

PDDL Domain Instance

```
(:objects
  #topics# topic_all - Topic
  #apps# app_all - Application)

(:init
  (baseline topic_all app_all)
  (priority_not_set topic_all app_all)
  #init_predicates#)

(:goal (and (QoS_achieved topic_all app_all)
  (priority_set topic_all app_all)))

(:metric minimize #metric#)
```

PDDL Problem Template

```
(:objects
  printing energymangement ... topic_all - Topic
  app1 app2 app3 app4 ... app_all - Application)

(:init
  (baseline topic_all app_all)
  (priority_not_set topic_all app_all)
  (= (latency intrusiondetection app2) 0)
  (= (latency intrusiondetection app21) 0))

(:goal (and (QoS_achieved topic_all app_all)
  (priority_set topic_all app_all)))

(:metric minimize (+ (+ (* 1 (latency videosurveillance app5)))
  (* 1 (latency energymangement app2))))
  ...)
```

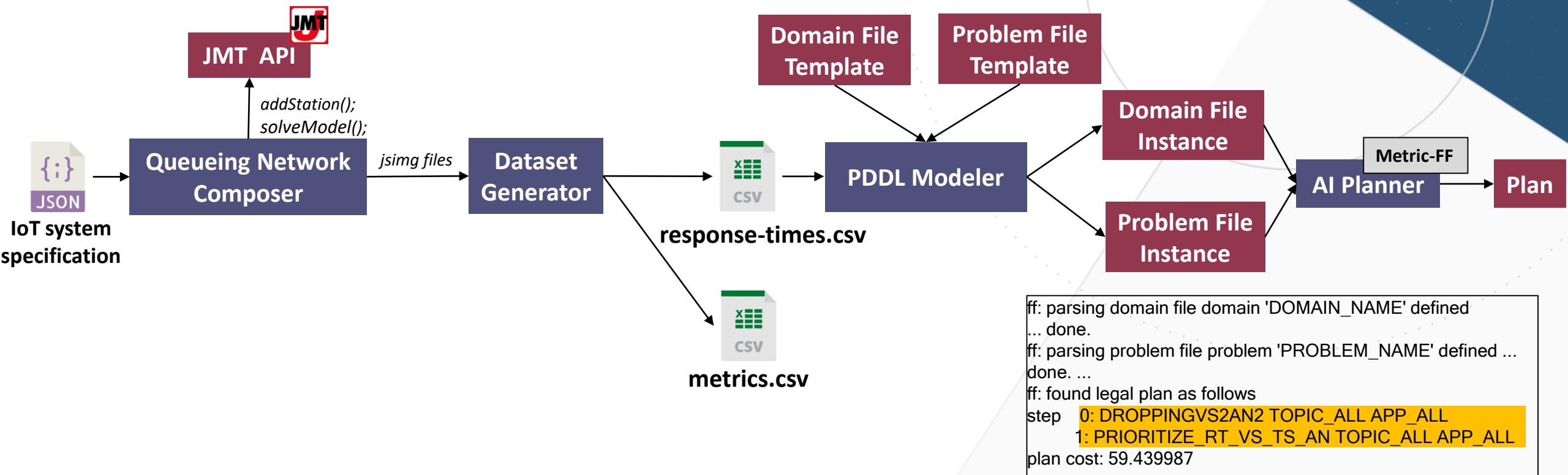
PDDL Problem Instance

response-times.csv

IoT system  
specification

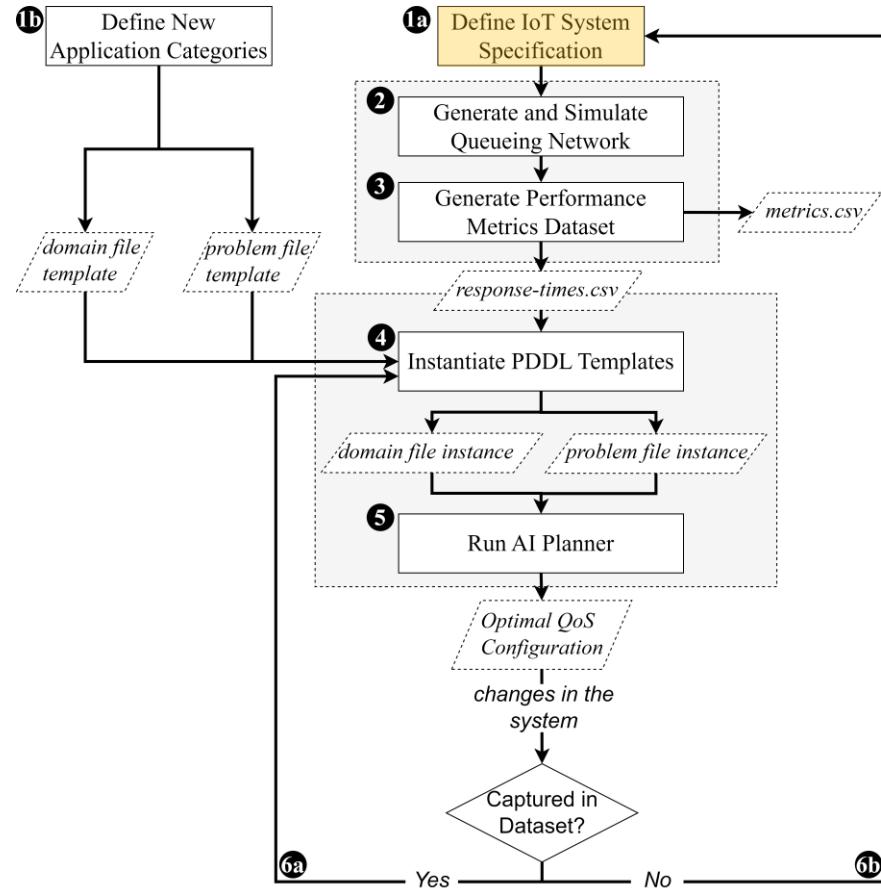
# The PlanIoT Implementation

## Plan Generation Process



# Using PlanIoT

## Defining IoT System Specifications



```

"iotDevices": [
  {
    "deviceId": "temp_r324",
    "deviceName": "temperature_sensor",
    "publishFrequency": 5,
    "messageSize": 200,
    "publishesTo": ["temperature_r324"],
    "distribution": "exponential"
  },
  ...
]

```

```

"systemBandwidth": 70,
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"dropRateAN": 0,
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```

"applications": [
  {
    "applicationId": "app1",
    "applicationName": "dashboard",
    "applicationCategory": "AN",
    "priority": 0,
    "subscribesTo": ["temperature_r324", "smoke_r324"]
  },
  ...
]

```

```

"topics": [
  {
    "topicId": "topic_topic1",
    "topicName": "topic_topic1",
    "publishers": ["topic1_source"],
    "subscribers": ["app1", "app3", "app5", "app_app7"]
  },
  ...
]

```

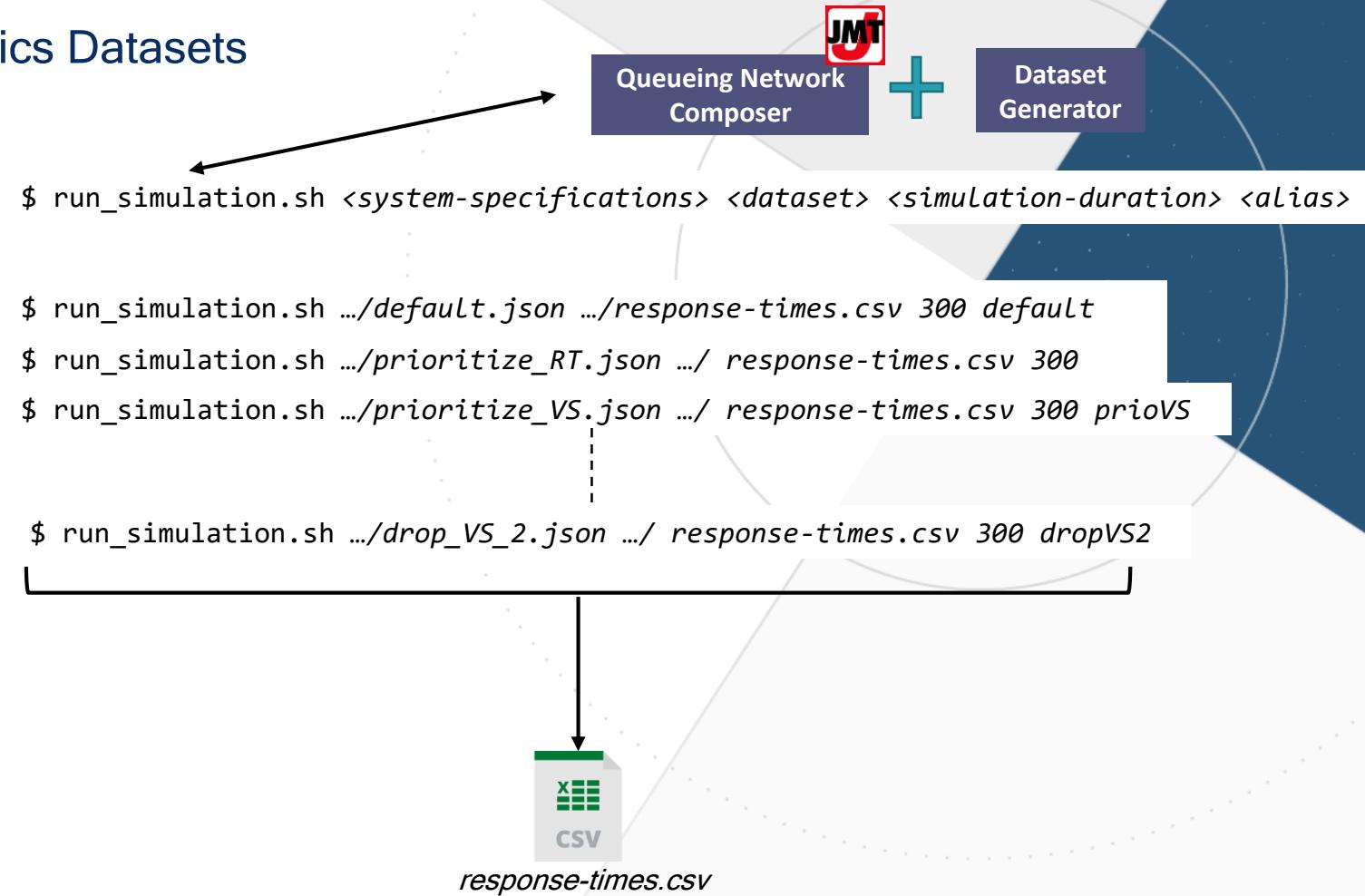
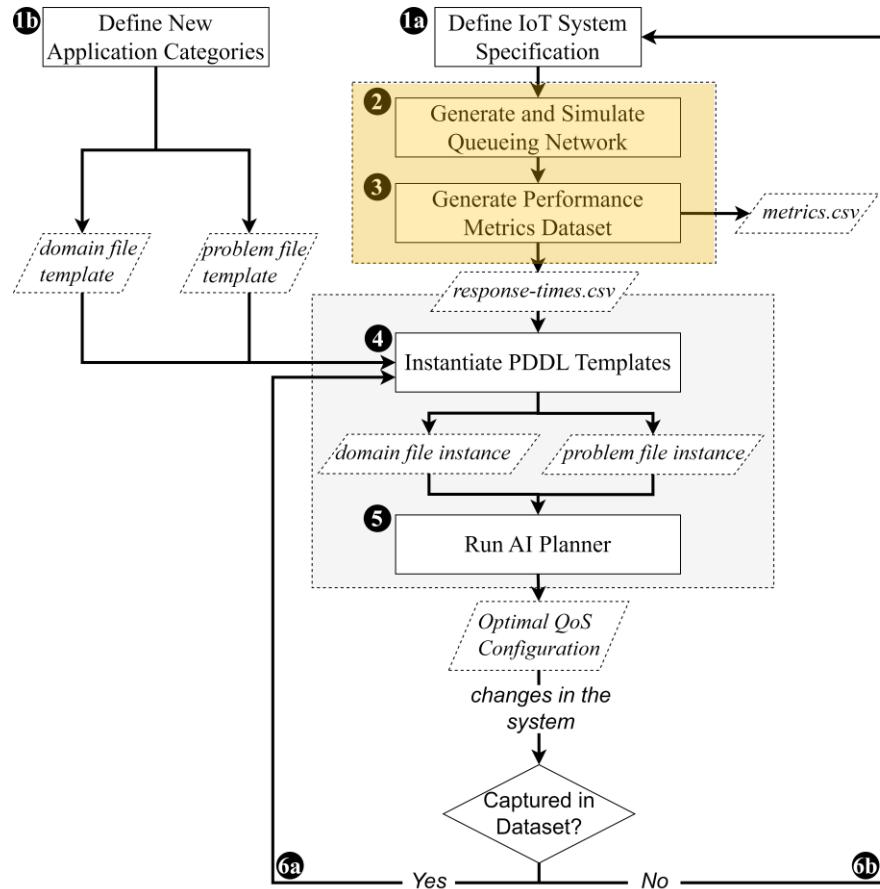
```

"applicationCategories": [
  {
    "categoryId": "AN",
    "categoryName": "analytics"
  },
  {
    "categoryId": "RT",
    "categoryName": "realtime"
  },
  {
    "categoryId": "TS",
    "categoryName": "transactional"
  },
  {
    "categoryId": "VS",
    "categoryName": "videoStreaming"
  }
]

```

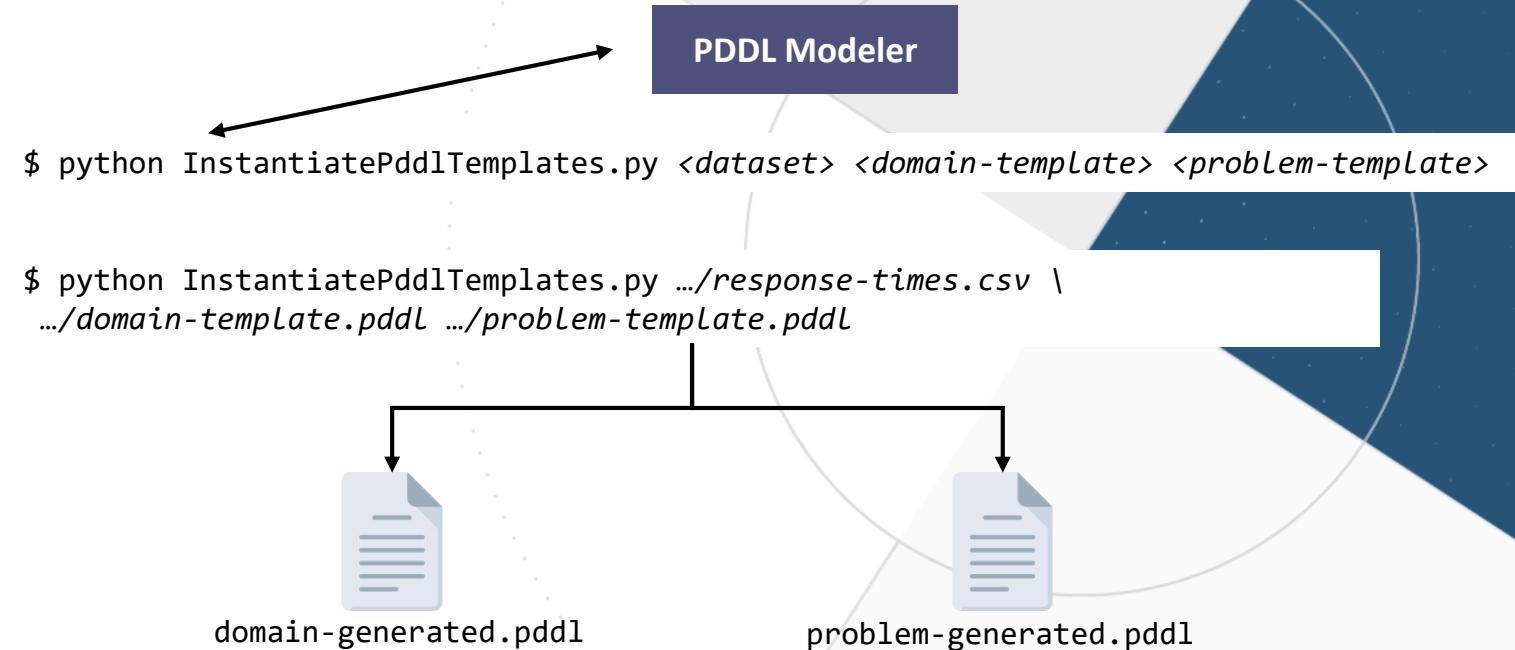
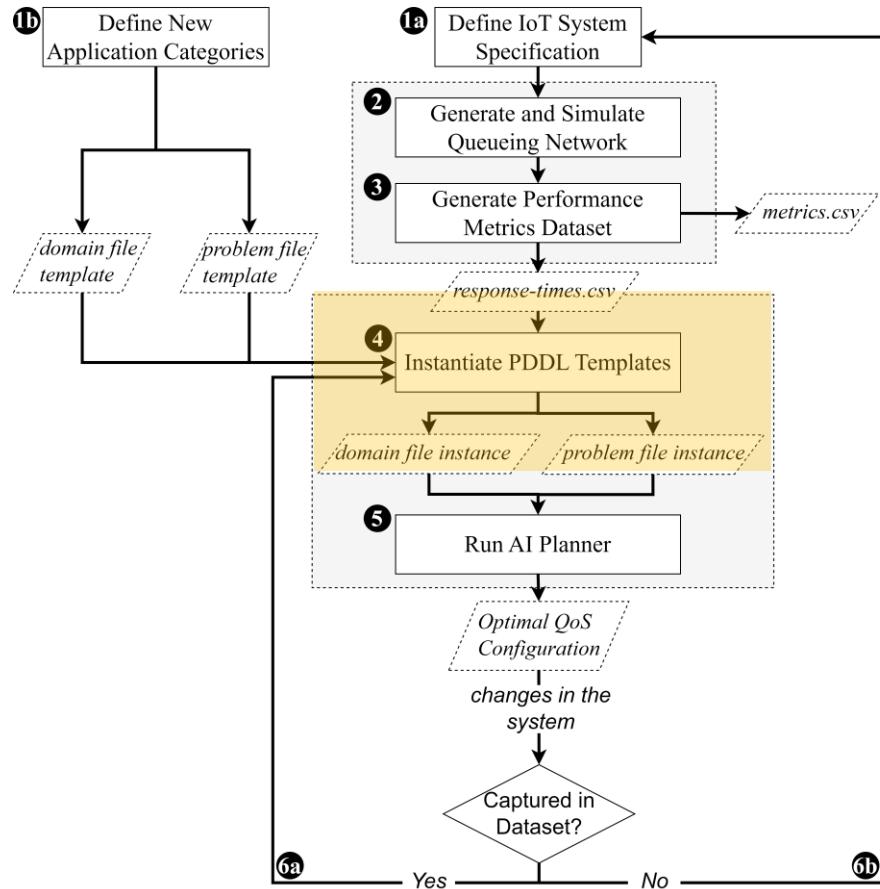
# Using PlanIoT

## Generating Performance Metrics Datasets



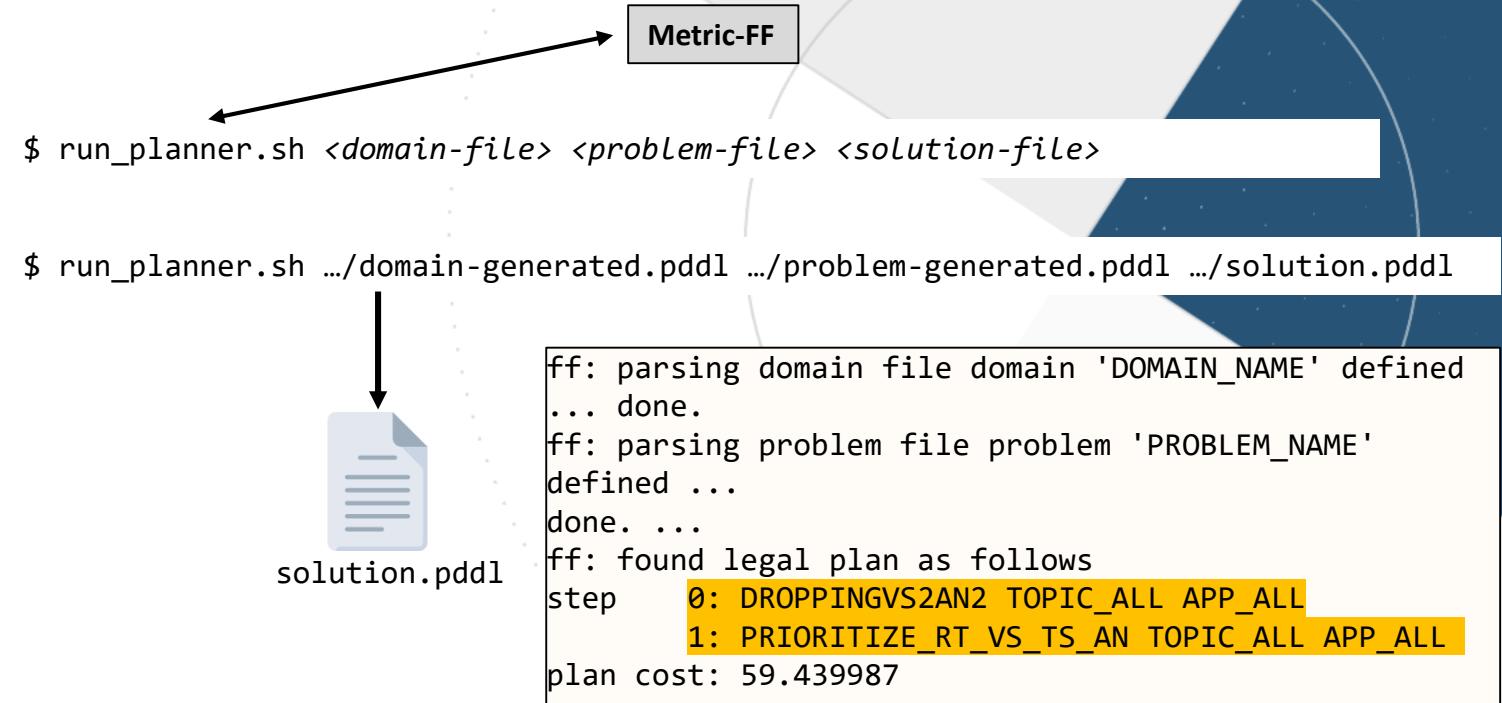
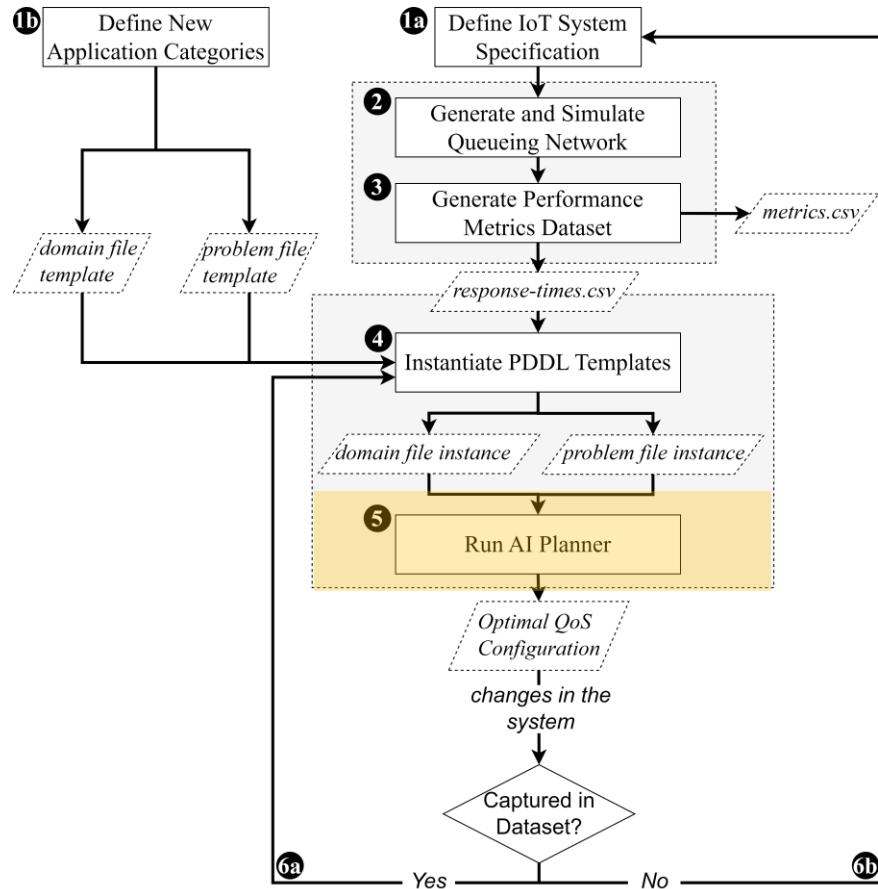
# Using PlanIoT

## Instantiating PDDL Files



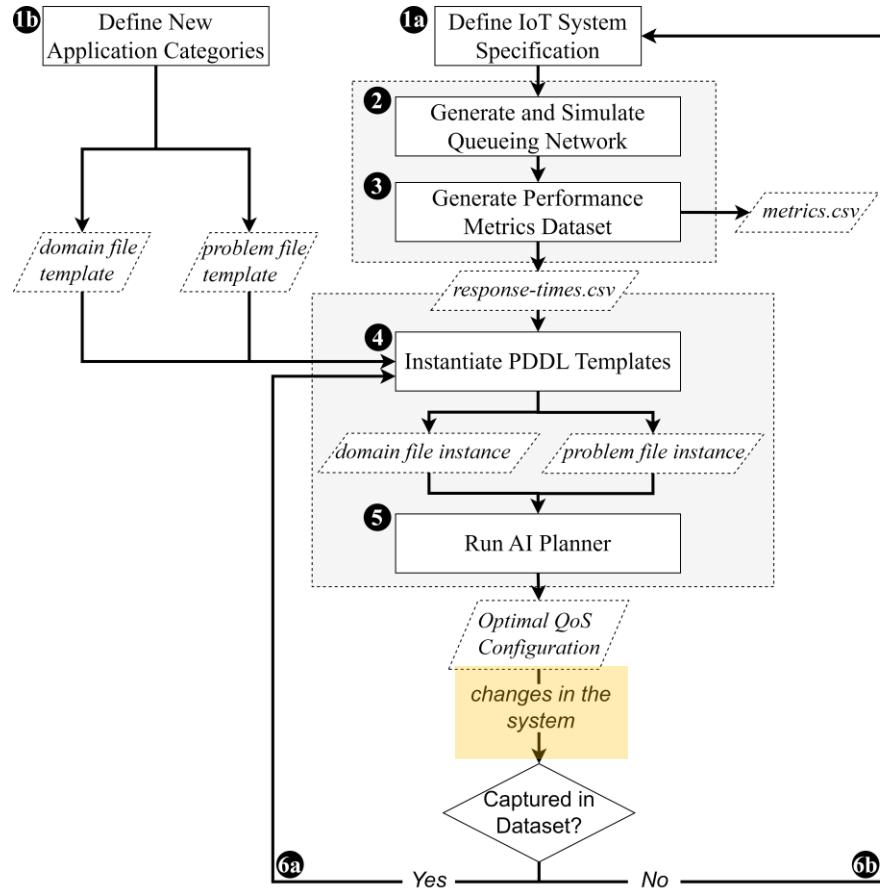
# Using PlanIoT

## Running the AI Planner



# Using PlanIoT

## Generating Adaptation Plans



```
$ python InstantiatePddlTemplates.py <dataset> <domain-template> <problem-template>
$ run_planner.sh <domain-file> <problem-file> <solution-file>
```

```
$ python InstantiatePddlTemplates.py .../response-times.csv \
.../domain-template.pddl .../problem-template.pddl -e
$ run_planner.sh .../domain-emergency.pddl .../problem-emergency.pddl .../solution.pddl
```

```
ff: parsing domain file domain 'DOMAIN_NAME' defined
... done.
ff: parsing problem file problem 'PROBLEM_NAME' defined
...
done. ...
ff: found legal plan as follows
step 0: DROPPINGV102AN5 TOPIC_ALL APP_ALL
      1: PRIORITIZE_EM_RT TOPIC_ALL APP_ALL
plan cost: 67.142951
```

# Takeaways and Conclusions

- PlanIoT can be used to (re)adapt data flows of Edge infrastructure in IoT-enhanced spaces by providing optimal plans for satisfying QoS requirements of deployed applications
- We implement a queueing network composer to generate a dataset that captures the performance of the IoT system.
- A set of automated planning components are used for choosing a configuration plan for the adaptive management of IoT flows at the Edge.

# Thank you!

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